HP 10500/7500 20G Unified Wired-WLAN Module





Product overview

The IEEE 802.11ac-ready HP 10500/7500 20G Unified Wired-WLAN Module delivers enterprise-scale features, capacity, and high reliability, as well as offering substantial data processing capacity for wireless networks.

The HP 10500/7500 20G Unified Wired-WLAN Module provides refined user control and management, comprehensive RF management and security mechanisms, fast roaming, QoS and IPv4/IPv6 features, and powerful WLAN access control.

Designed for WLAN access of enterprise networks, this module provides an industry-leading WLAN solution for large enterprise networks. Working together with HP access points, the HP 10500/7500 Unified Wired-WLAN Module can be easily deployed on Layer 2 or Layer 3 networks without affecting existing configurations.

Key features

- Enterprise-scale capacity, performance, and high reliability for wireless networks
- System-wide approach to WLAN reliability through Wi-Fi Clear Connect
- Flexible forwarding modes
- IPv4/IPv6 dual stack
- End-to-end QoS

Features and benefits

Management

· Wi-Fi Clear Connect

provides a system-wide approach to help ensure WLAN reliability by proactively determining and adjusting to changing RF conditions and by identifying rogue activity and enforcing prevention policies, and optimizing WLAN performance by detecting interference from Wi-Fi and non-Wi-Fi sources using spectrum analysis capabilities built into specific access points (refer to the HP Access Point—Controller Compatibility Matrix for specific access points supported).

Advanced radio resource management

Automatic radio power adjustments

include real-time power adjustments based on changing environmental conditions and signal coverage adjustment

- Automatic radio channel

provides intelligent channel switching and real-time interference detection

- Intelligent client load balancing

balances the number of clients across multiple APs to optimize AP and client throughput

- Airtime fairness

helps ensure equal RF transmission time for wireless clients

· Spectrum analysis

- Signal detection/classification

identifies source of RF interference, such as Bluetooth®, cordless phones, and microwave ovens

- Evaluation of channel quality

helps detect severe channel degradation and improves the reporting of poor RF performance

Band navigation

enables automatic redirection of 5 GHz-capable clients to the less-congested 5 GHz spectrum

Enterprise network management

is provided by HP Intelligent Management Center (IMC) Platform Software and the IMC Wireless Services Manager Software Module, which effectively integrate traditionally disparate management tools into one easy-to-use interface

Secure controller management

securely manages the controller from a single location with IMC or any other SNMP management station; controller supports SNMPv3 as well as SSH and SSL for secure CLI and Web management

VLAN pooling

enables wireless clients to be dynamically assigned to different VLANs so administrators can assign different subnets to different clients in the same SSID. A VLAN pool can bind to multiple SSIDs

Unified network visibility

provides visibility between a wired and wireless network using IEEE 802.1AB Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP) and sFlow

AP Plug and Play (PnP)

provides zero-configuration capability. An AP without a predefined configuration file can connect to the WLAN controller and the WLAN Controller will provision it with the correct wireless configuration

Policy based forwarding

simplifies the deployment of centralized or local forwarding. The policy-based mode allows user to classify data traffic based on ACL and choose local or centralized forwarding. Policy-based forwarding can be applied based on SSID or user-profile. That means a forwarding policy can be applied on a SSID or a specific user or a group of users

· AP grouping

enables an admin to easily apply AP-based or radio-based configurations to all the AP that are in the same group

Staged Firmware Upgrades

enables an admin to selectively upgrade APs, typically a group of APs, to minimize the impact of upgrading large deployments of APs to a new version of firmware

Custom antenna settings

allow the admin to select a custom antenna gain

Quality of Service (QoS)

· End-to-end QoS

the HP 10500/7500 20G Unified Wired-WLAN Module supports the DiffServ standard and IPv6 QoS; the QoS DiffServ model includes traffic classification and traffic policing, and fully implements six groups of services—EF, AF1 through AF4, and BE

• IEEE 802.1p prioritization

delivers data to devices based on the priority and type of traffic

Class of Service (CoS)

sets the IEEE 802.1p priority tag based on IP address, IP Type of Service (ToS), Layer 3 protocol, TCP/UDP port number, source port, and DiffServ

Security

Web-based authentication

provides a browser-based environment to authenticate clients that do not support the IEEE 802.1X supplicant

• IEEE 802.1X and RADIUS network logins

support port-based and SSID-based 802.1X authentication and accounting

· WEP, WPA2, or WPA encryption

can be deployed at the AP to lock out unauthorized wireless access by authenticating users prior to granting network access; robust Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) or Temporal Key Integrity Protocol (TKIP) encryption secures the data integrity of wireless traffic

Secure shell

encrypts all transmitted data for secure remote CLI access over IP networks

· Media access control (MAC) authentication

provides simple authentication based on a user's MAC address; supports local or RADIUS-based authentication

Integrated Wireless Intrusion Detection System (WIDS)

provides support for hybrid and dedicated modes; detects flood, spoofing, and weak IV attacks; displays statistics (events) and history; supports configuration of detection policies

Integrated Wireless Intrusion Prevention System (WIPS)

automatically identifies and classifies all APs and stations; enables packet-trigger containment via knowledge-based heuristics; protects against honeypot attacks and enforces STA security; detects Denial of Service (DoS) attacks via pre-defined DoS attacks, and provides a Signature mechanism which allows admins to define custom rules; enables Virtual Service Domains to deploy security policies by department or location for example

Secure user isolation

virtual AP services enable the network administrator to provide specific services for different user groups, allowing effective resource sharing, and simplifying network maintenance and management

Secure access by location

AP location-based user access control helps ensure that wireless users can access and authenticate only to preselected APs, enabling system administrators to control the locations where a wireless user can access the network

Endpoint Admission Defense

integrated wired and wireless Endpoint Admission Defense (EAD) helps ensure that only wireless clients that comply with mandated enterprise security policies can access the network, reducing threat levels caused by infected wireless clients and improving the overall security of the wireless network

Public Key Infrastructure (PKI)

used to control access

Authentication, authorization, and accounting (AAA)

uses an embedded authentication server or external AAA server for local users

Wireless Intelligent Application Aware Feature (WIAA)

provides a user role based or SSID based firewall embedded in WLAN Controller via ACL-based packet filter firewall and ASPF firewall. Protect clients from outside attacks Restrict specific users from accessing specific network resources

Source Address Validation Improvement (SAVI)

records the wireless client's IP address and MAC address and at the next data traffic forwarding stage, SAVI will validate the client's IP address to prevent attacker spoofing other client's IP address

Connectivity

· IPv6

- IPv6 host

enables controllers to be managed and deployed at the IPv6 network's edge

- Dual stack (IPv4 and IPv6)

transitions customers from IPv4 to IPv6, supporting connectivity for both protocols

- MLD snooping

directs IPv6 multicast traffic to the appropriate interface, preventing traffic flooding

- IPv6 ACL/OoS

supports ACL and QoS for IPv6 network traffic

NAT support

- NAT traversal

helps ensure that communication between a branch office AP and HP 870 is supported when the branch uses NAT $\,$

- Integrated NAT support

replaces the private source IP address with a public address; enables multiple internal addresses to be mapped to the same public IP address; permits only certain internal IP addresses to be NATed, and provides an Application Layer Gateway that supports specific application protocols without requiring the NAT platform to be modified

• IEEE 802.3ad Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP)

Performance

Flexible forwarding modes

- enable distributed and centralized traffic forwarding

with centralized forwarding, wireless traffic is sent to the HP 870 for processing. With distributed mode wireless traffic is dropped off locally. In the event that connectivity to the HP 870 is lost, authenticated clients can continue to access local resources

- support local drop off or centralization of data traffic

after an HTML authentication using the built-in portal server or IMC portal authentication

Wireless user access control and management

support defining settings such as Committed Access Rate (CAS), QoS profiles, and access control policies based on location for different applications

Fast roaming

supports Layer 3 roaming and fast roaming, satisfying the most demanding voice service requirements

Robust switching capacity and wire-speed processing

deliver powerful forwarding capacity to support large enterprise WLANs

Resiliency and high availability

· High reliability

the module supports 1+1, N+1, and N+N backup; the 1+1 redundancy configuration of the modules supports subsecond-level failure detection; APs establish AP-module tunnel links with both modules, but only the links to the active module are active; when the active module fails, the heartbeat mechanism between the two modules help ensure that the standby module can sense the failure in subsecond level and then informs the APs to switch over to it, thus providing service continuity

· 802.1X hot-backup

enables two controllers to sync 802.1X state information and wireless client's 802.11 information from master to backup. This feature is only supported on the HP 870 and 20G Unified Module

Layer 2 switching

VLAN support and tagging

supports IEEE 802.1Q with 4,094 simultaneous VLAN IDs

Jumbo packet support

supports up to 4 KB frame size to improve the performance of large data transfers

Scalability

· Ease of deployment

the module uses the backplane for all network and management communications, with no need for external network power connections

· Optional 32 or 128 access-point upgrade license

- Increases support for additional access points without the need to buy additional costly hardware and use additional valuable space in a chassis.
- A reduced-cost 128-access point license is available for use on this redundant module.
 Refer to the Specifications and Accessories sections for more detail.

Comprehensive portfolio

Access point support

Refer to the HP Access Point—Controller Compatibility Matrix

Warranty and support

1-year warranty

advance hardware replacement with 10-calendar-day delivery (available in most countries)

Electronic and telephone support

1-year limited electronic and telephone support is available from HP; to reach our support centers, refer to hp.com/networking/contact-support; for details on the duration of support provided with your product purchase, refer to hp.com/networking/warrantysummary

Software releases

includes all offered software releases for as long as you own the product; to find software for your product, refer to hp.com/networking/support; for details on the software releases available with your product purchase, refer to hp.com/networking/warrantysummary

HP 10500/7500 20G Unified Wired-WLAN Module

Specifications



HP 10500/7500 20G Unified Wired-WLAN Module (JG639A)

	,		
I/O ports and slots	1 RJ-45 serial console port; Duplex: 10BASE-T/100BASE-TX: half or full; 1000BASE-T: full only (IEEE 802.3 Type 10BASE-T, IEEE 802.3u Type 100BASE-TX, IEEE 802.3ab Type 1000BASE-T)		
	1 RJ-45 out-of-band management port; Duplex: 10BASE-T/100BASE-TX: half or full; 1000BASE-T: full only (IEEE 802.3 Type 10BASE-T, IEEE 802.3u Type 100BASE-TX, IEEE 802.3ab Type 1000BASE-T)		
Physical characteristics			
	15.71(w) x 13.98(d) x 1.57(h) in (39.9 x 35.5 x 4.0 cm) (1U height)		
Weight	7.98 lb (3.62 kg)		
Memory and processor			
Processor	Eight core @ 950 MHz, 1 GB compact flash, 2 GB DDR2 DIMM		
Performance			
Switch fabric speed	20 Gb/s		
MAC address table size	24000 entries		
Environment			
Operating temperature	32°F to 113°F (0°C to 45°C)		
Operating relative humidity	5% to 95%, noncondensing		
Nonoperating/Storage temperature	-40°F to 158°F (-40°C to 70°C)		
Nonoperating/Storage relative humidity	5% to 95%, noncondensing		
Electrical characteristics			
Maximum heat dissipation	512 BTU/hr (540.16 kJ/hr)		
Maximum power rating	150 W		
Safety	UL 60950-1; CAN/CSA 22.2 No. 60950-1; IEC 60950-1; EN 60950-1; FDA 21 CFR Subchapter J		
Emissions	EN 55022 Class A; CISPR 22 Class A; ICES-003 Class A; AS/NZS CISPR 22 Class A; EN 61000-3-2; EN 61000-3-3; VCCI-3 Class A; VCCI-4 Class A; ETSI EN 300 386; FCC Part 15 (CFR 47) Class A		
Immunity			
EN	EN 55024, CISPR 24 & ETSI EN 300 386		
Management	IMC - Intelligent Management Center; command-line interface; Web browser; SNMP Manager; Telnet; HTTPS; RMON1; FTP; in-line and out-of-band; IEEE 802.3 Ethernet MIB; Ethernet Interface MIB		
Features	For use in HP 10500 Switch Series and HP 7500 Switch Series		
	Default supported APs: 128		
	Maximum supported APs: 1,024 via the purchase of the optional HP Unified Wired-WLAN 128 AP E-LTU (JG649AAE)		
	Maximum supported clients and centralized throughput:		
	• 20,000 clients		
	• 20G of centralized throughput		
	Maximum supported users via local portal authentication: 4,000		
	Maximum supported users via local authentication: 1,000		
	Maximum supported configured SSIDs: 512		
	Maximum supported ACLs: 32,000		
	Supported MSM APs are automatically discovered, Comware firmware is loaded, and the APs can be fully managed.		
	AP upgrade license rules for redundant HP 10500/7500 20G Unified Wired-WLAN Module deployments		
	 The primary HP 10500/7500 20G Unified Wired-WLAN Module's AP count must be increased using the optional HP Unified Wired-WLAN 128 AP E-LTU (JG649AAE) or HP Unified Wired-WLAN 32 AP E-LTU (JG774AAE). 		
	• The secondary HP 10500/7500 20G Unified Wired-WLAN Module's AP count can be increased as needed using the reduced-cost HP Unified Wired-WLAN 128 AP Redundant E-LTU (JG902AAE).		
Notes	The faceplate of the HP 10500/7500 20G Unified Wired-WLAN Module uses LSU3WCMD0 as the unique product identifier instead of JG639A.		
Refer to the HP website at hp.com/networking/services for details on the service-level descriptions and product number services and response times in your area, please contact your local HP sales office.			

HP 10500/7500 20G Unified Wired-WLAN Module (continued)

Standards and protocols

(applies to all products in series)

General protocols	RFC 768 UDP	RFC 1144 Compressing TCP/IP headers for	RFC 2246 The TLS Protocol Version 1.0
	RFC 791 IP	low-speed serial links	RFC 2284 EAP over LAN
	RFC 792 ICMP	RFC 1256 ICMP Router Discovery	RFC 2644 Directed Broadcast Control
	RFC 793 TCP	Protocol (IRDP)	RFC 2864 The Inverted Stack Table Extension to the
	RFC 826 ARP	RFC 1305 NTPv3 (IPv4 only) RFC 1321 The MD5 Message-Digest Algorithm	Interfaces Group MIB
	RFC 854 TELNET	RFC 1334 PPP Authentication Protocols (PAP)	RFC 2866 RADIUS Accounting
	RFC 855 Telnet Option Specification	RFC 1350 TFTP Protocol (revision 2)	RFC 2869 RADIUS Extensions
	RFC 858 Telnet Suppress Go Ahead Option	RFC 1812 IPv4 Routing	RFC 3164 Syslog
	RFC 894 IP over Ethernet	RFC 1944 Benchmarking Methodology for Network	RFC 3268 Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) Ciphersuites for Transport Layer Security (TLS)
	RFC 950 Internet Standard Subnetting Procedure	Interconnect Devices	RFC 3619 Ethernet Automatic Protection
	RFC 959 File Transfer Protocol (FTP)	RFC 1994 PPP Challenge Handshake Authentication	Switching (EAPS)
	RFC 1122 Host Requirements	Protocol (CHAP)	
	RFC 1141 Incremental updating of the Internet checksum	RFC 2104 HMAC: Keyed-Hashing for Message Authentication	
P multicast		RFC 1112 IGMP	RFC 2236 IGMPv2
IPv6	RFC 1350 TFTP	RFC 2465 Management Information Base for IP Version	RFC 3493 Basic Socket Interface Extensions for IPv6
	RFC 1881 IPv6 Address Allocation Management	6: Textual Conventions and General Group (partially	RFC 3513 IPv6 Addressing Architecture
	RFC 1887 IPv6 Unicast Address Allocation Architecture	support, only "IPv6 Interface Statistics table")	RFC 3542 Advanced Sockets API for IPv6
	RFC 1981 IPv6 Path MTU Discovery	RFC 2466, Management Information Base for IP Version 6—ICMPv6	RFC 3587 IPv6 Global Unicast Address Format
	RFC 2292 Advanced Sockets API for IPv6	RFC 2526 Reserved IPv6 Subnet Anycast Addresses	RFC 3596 DNS Extension for IPv6
	RFC 2373 IPv6 Addressing Architecture	RFC 2553 Basic Socket Interface Extensions for IPv6	RFC 4193, Unique Local IPv6 Unicast Addresses
	RFC 2375 IPv6 Multicast Address Assignments	RFC 2563 ICMPv6	RFC 4443 ICMPv6
	RFC 2460 IPv6 Specification	RFC 2925 Definitions of Managed Objects for Remote	RFC 4541 IGMP & MLD Snooping Switch
	RFC 2461 IPv6 Neighbor Discovery	Ping, Traceroute, and Lookup Operations (Ping only)	RFC 4861 IPv6 Neighbor Discovery
	RFC 2462 IPv6 Stateless Address Auto-configuration	RFC 3315 DHCPv6 (client and relay)	RFC 4862 IPv6 Stateless Address
	RFC 2463 ICMPv6	RFC 3363 DNS support	Auto-configuration
	RFC 2464 Transmission of IPv6 over Ethernet Networks	RFC 3484 Default Address Selection for IPv6	RFC 5095 Deprecation of Type 0 Routing Headers in IPv6
MIBs	RFC 1229 Interface MIB Extensions	RFC 2012 SNMPv2 MIB for TCP	RFC 2665 Ethernet-Like-MIB
	RFC 1643 Ethernet MIB	RFC 2013 SNMPv2 MIB for UDP	RFC 2674 Definitions of Managed Objects for
	RFC 1757 Remote Network Monitoring MIB	RFC 2571 SNMP Framework MIB	Bridges with Traffic Classes, Multicast Filtering, and Virtual Extensions
	RFC 2011 SNMPv2 MIB for IP	RFC 2572 SNMP-MPD MIB	RFC 2863 The Interfaces Group MIB
		RFC 2613 SMON MIB	RFC 2932IP (Multicast Routing MIB)
Mobility	IEEE 802.11a High Speed Physical Layer in the	IEEE 802.11e QoS enhancements	IEEE 802.11i Medium Access Control (MAC)
	5 GHz Band	IEEE 802.11g Further Higher Data Rate Extension in the	Security Enhancements
	IEEE 802.11b Higher-Speed Physical Layer Extension in the 2.4 GHz Band	2.4 GHz Band	IEEE 802.11n WLAN Enhancements for Higher Throughpu
	IEEE 802.11d Global Harmonization	IEEE 802.11h Dynamic Frequency Selection	Note: All of the above standards are now included in IEEE 802.11-2012
Network management	IEEE 802.11k-2008 (beacon measurement functionality	RFC 1905 SNMPv2 Protocol Operations	RFC 2575 VACM for SNMP
	used as part of radio resource management)	RFC 2573 SNMPv3 Applications	SNMPv1/v2c
	RFC 1155 Structure of Management Information	RFC 2574 SNMPv3 User-based Security Model (USM)	3.11.11 71,722
QoS/CoS	RFC 2474 DS Field in the IPv4 and IPv6 Headers	RFC 2475 DiffServ Architecture	Wi-Fi Multimedia (WMM), IEEE 802.11e
4031603	RFC 2474 DSCP DiffServ	RFC 3168 The Addition of Explicit Congestion	William Edd (William), IEEE OOE.
	M C2474 B3CL Bill3ClV	Notification (ECN) to IP	
Security	IEEE 802.1X Port Based Network Access Control	RFC 2548 Microsoft" Vendor-specific	RFC 3579 RADIUS Support For Extensible Authentication
	RFC 1851 ESP Triple DES Transform	RADIUS Attributes	Protocol (EAP)
	RFC 2246 Transport Layer Security (TLS)	RFC 2716 PPP EAP TLS Authentication Protocol	RFC 3580 IEEE 802.1X RADIUS Guidelines
	RFC 2401 Security Architecture for the	RFC 2865 RADIUS Authentication	Access Control Lists (ACLs)
	Internet Protocol	RFC 2867 RADIUS Accounting Modifications for Tunnel Protocol Support	Guest VLAN for 802.1x
	RFC 2408 Internet Security Association and Key Management Protocol (ISAKMP)	RFC 3394 Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) Key	Secure Sockets Layer (SSL)
	RFC 2409 The Internet Key Exchange (IKE)	Wrap Algorithm	SSHv2 Secure Shell
	c 2405 The internet key exchange (IKE)	RFC 3576 Dynamic Authorization Extensions	Web Authentication
		to RADIUS (Disconnect Message and Session-time renewal)	WPA (Wi-Fi Protected Access)/WPA2
VPN	RFC 2403 The Use of HMAC-MD5-96 within	RFC 2405 The ESP DES-CBC Cipher Algorithm	RFC 2407 The Internet IP Security Domain of Interpretation
	ESP and AH RFC 2404 The Use of HMAC-SHA-1-96 within ESP and AH	with Explicit IV	for ISAKMP RFC 2451 The ESP CBC-Mode Cipher Algorithms
IPSec		RFC 1829 The ESP DES-CBC Transform	RFC 3602 The AES-CBC Cipher Algorithm and Its Use with IPSec
IKEv1		RFC 3748 - Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP)	NO ODE WICH IT DEC
PKI		RFC 3280 Internet X.509 Public Key Infrastructure	
		Certificate and Certificate Revocation List (CRL) Profile	

HP 10500/7500 20G Unified Wired-WLAN **Module accessories**

License

HP Unified Wired-WLAN 128 AP E-LTU (JG649AAE)

NEW HP Unified Wired-WLAN 128 AP Redundant E-LTU (JG902AAE)

Learn more at hp.com/networking

Sign up for updates hp.com/go/getupdated













Share with colleagues Rate this document

© Copyright 2013–2014 Hewlett-Packard Development Company, L.P. The information contained herein is subject to change without notice. The only warranties for HP products and services are set forth in the express warranty statements accompanying such products and services. Nothing herein should be construed as constituting an additional warranty. HP shall not be liable for technical or editorial errors or omissions contained herein.

Bluetooth is a trademark owned by its proprietor and used by Hewlett-Packard Company under license. Microsoft is a U.S. registered trademark of the Microsoft group of companies.

